# Exploring the Unexpected

The benefits of understanding non-target species use of fauna passages

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# Preaching to the Crowd

Ecological research is...

- Important
- Exciting
- Rewarding

It's also inherently ...

- Inconsistent
- Unpredictable
- Uncontrollable
- Unexpected



Fauna Crossings in Road Ecology Typically developed to:

- Enhance connectivity
- Reintroduce habitat
- Assist a particular target taxa
- Focus on (large) mammals
- Avoids avian/volant species
- Non-target species benefits?





Evaluating Fauna Passages

- Literature now discusses success as defined by 'effectiveness'
- As opposed to 'use' studies

Can effectiveness be defined without consideration for diverse/non-target fauna?

Foreword by Richard T. T. Forman

## SAFE PASSAGES





HANDBOOK OF ROAD ECOLOGY Rodney van der Ree • Daniel J. Smith • Clara Grilo

### Non-target Taxa

Non-target species are becoming more recognised

• (eg. Road Ecology handbook)

• Many passage benefits may be critically important for underrepresented or understudied species

Complexity, microhabitat requirements, 'landscape approach'





### Case Study: Compton Road



### Compton Road Results 2012 -2016

#### Overpass

- 74% herpetofauna species
- 70% of mammal species
- 100% of bat species

81% of 90 species detected used the overpass

Underpass

- 13% of herpetofauna
- 45% of mammals
- Bats not surveyed

Lacks habitat continuity, complexity and natural elements



### Surprising Outcomes

- Extension of natural habitat and provision of microhabitats
  E.g. Fallen trees, leaf litter natural habitat characteristics
- Overpass mimics natural habitat
  - Structure
  - Temperature
- Species colonisation over time (potential for natural succession)





### Secrets to Success

None!

- Typically common sense
- Provide natural elements and complexity
- Consider biotic and abiotic factors
- Consider varying levels of ecology (micro, macro)

#### Establish an ecosystem, not just a crossing





Build It and They Will Come

#### • \*well

- Vegetation
  - Local native
  - Variation
  - Structure

• Siting and structure materials

- Soils and encouragement of detritus and leaf litter
  - Facilitates temperature and moisture control

Aiming to provide useable habitat will be the ultimate factor



### Considering the System

- Landscapes function as systems, as do fauna communities
- Encouraging natural functions of a system at multiple levels

Consideration of abiotic factors will support a functioning trophic system/community

### The Food Chain





### Understanding and Improving

- Encouraging research of non-target species will:
  - Improve construction methods
  - Highlight areas requiring improvement
  - Outline how passage development can support sensitive species
  - Develop long term studies to understand succession and acclimation

Encouraging best practice implementation, ongoing research and monitoring





### Constraints

• Dependent on available resources, funding, time.

The importance of establishing fauna passages for non-target species is in developing a self sufficient `living' system

• Reduces the need for ongoing maintenance/funding/resources



"O.K., let's slowly lower in the grant money."

### Positive Focus

- Research based outcome
- Best practice = maximum benefit
- Macro and micro focus
- Open, positive mind







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# Thanks for listening!