Biodiversity Survey NodeLesley Gibson

THE WESTERN AUSTRALIAN BIODIVERSITY SCIENCE INSTITUTE











Objective

To develop a thorough and robust understanding of the full range of species and ecological communities in Western Australia, their geographic distribution, and their health both now and into the future.

Focus Areas:

- 1. Standards, identification tools and information systems
- 2. Identify and trial new technologies
- 3. Understanding pattern and significance





Standards, identification tools and information systems

- > eFlora of the Pilbara single electronic resource to identify plant species
- End-users: environmental consultants, conservation managers, industry, general community
- ➤ Outcome: capacity to reliably and efficiently identify plant species → timely provision of supporting information for environmental impact assessments → improve the efficiency of decisions regarding conservation and land management
- > **Key deliverable**: freely available online website
- Prospectus under preparation
- WABSI to identify funding opportunities





Identify and trial new technologies

- Molecular genetic techniques to identify dispersal corridors in the Pilbara identified through industry engagement workshops
- > **End-users**: conservation managers, industry and regulators
- > **Outcome**: identify priority areas for targeted conservation
- Key deliverables: species habitat suitability maps, single and multi-species refugia and landscape connectivity maps, systematic conservation prioritisation maps
- WABSI facilitated ARC Linkage Grant and identified research and industry partners submitted





Understanding pattern and significance

- > Development of a collaborative subterranean fauna research program for WA
- > **End-users:** industry, environmental consultants, conservation managers, regulators
- Outcomes:
 - Greater certainty in decision-making with regard to the impacts of developments on subterranean fauna
 - Increased efficiency of environmental impact assessments
- WABSI facilitated stakeholder and expert workshops to identify knowledge gaps, and to develop a programme of research to address knowledge gaps
- > WABSI to prepare a Research Program Plan and prospectus to seek funds





Critical research areas for subterranean fauna research

- 1. Capture and consolidation of current and future data
- 2. Species delineation and new technologies for detection
- 3. Best practice sampling and survey protocols
- 4. Improved understanding of biotic and abiotic habitat requirements above and below ground to inform predictive habitat assessment modelling
- 5. Response to impacts and resilience to disturbance





WABSI.ORG.AU

PROUDLY SUPPORTED BY:









Environmental Protection Authority















